토플·특목고 시험 준비생/미국교과서로 바로 들어가기 부담스러운 초·중생을 위한

ReadingKEY

Michael A. Putlack e-Creative Contents 지음

미국 초등 5·6학년 과정

WORKBOOK+MP3CD





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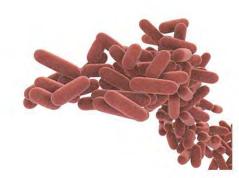


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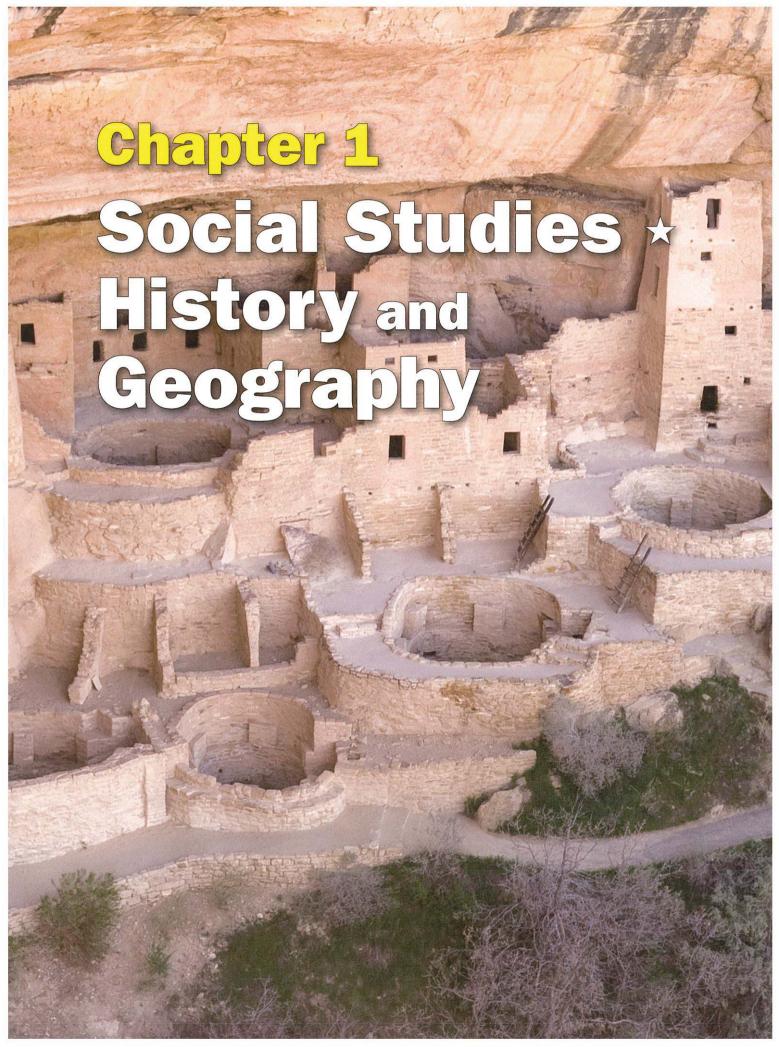
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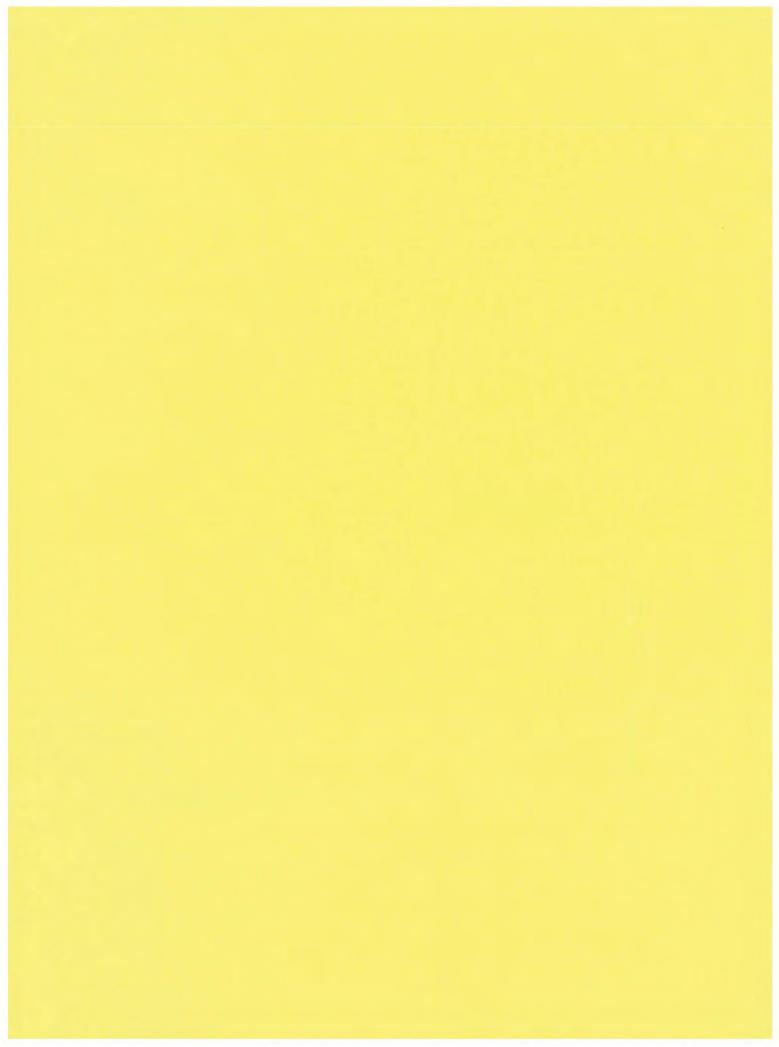


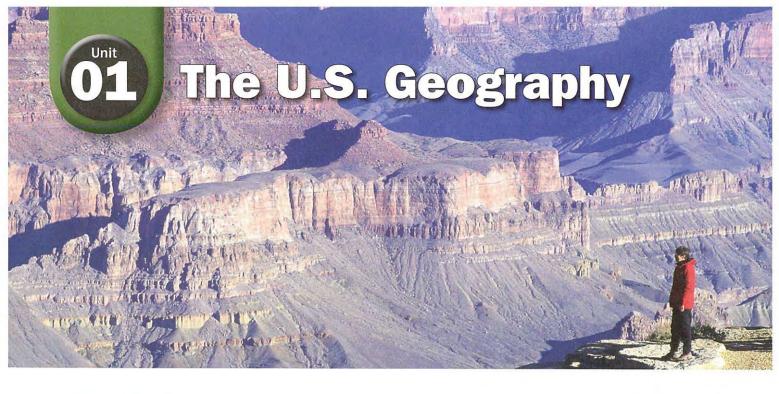
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Subject	Topic & Area	Title	
Social Studies	The U.S. Geography	The Regions of the United States	
*	People and Government	A Nation of Diversity	
History and Geography	The U.S. Economy	From Farming to Technology	
	History and Culture	The Native People of North America	
	World History	The Age of Exploration	
	The American History	The Spanish Conquerors in the Americas	
	The American History	The First French and English Colonies	
	The American History	The American Revolution	
Science	Classifying Living Things	The Five Kingdoms of Organisms	
	Classifying Living Things	The Seven Levels of Classification	
	A World of Plants	Plant Structures and Functions	
	A World of Plants	Flowers and Seeds	
	A World of Plants	Plants with Seeds	
	A World of Plants	Seedless Vascular Plants and Nonvascular Plants	
	A World of Plants	How Do Plants Respond to Their Environments?	
Mathematics	Numbers and Number Sense	Understanding Numbers	
	Geometry	Geometric Figures	
Language and	Literature	The <i>Iliad</i> and the <i>Odyssey</i>	
Literature	Language Arts	Figures of Speech	
Visual Arts	Visual Arts	Greek and Roman Art	
Music	A World of Music	The Western Musical Tradition	







Visual Preview

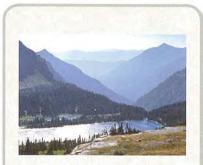
What are some features of the different regions in the United States?



New York City is a large metropolitan area with millions of people.



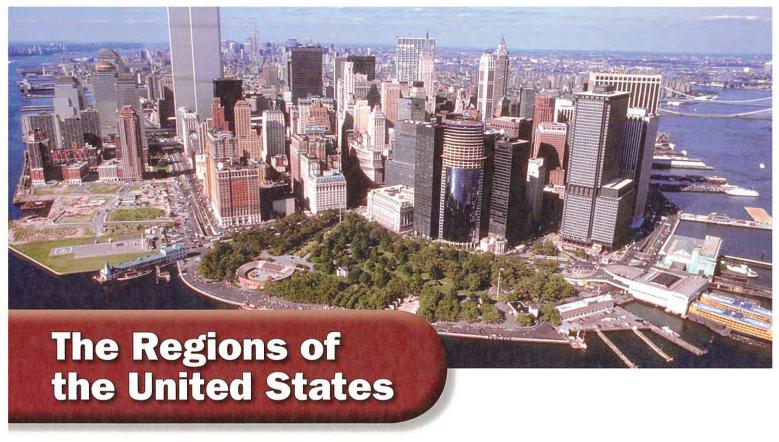
Farms cover huge amounts of land all throughout the American Midwest.



The Rocky Mountains rise high above the land in the Mountain States.

Vocabulary Preview | Write the correct word next to its meaning.

	prairie	diverse	fertile	cropland	cash crop
1	: a crop that is grown to be sold for money				
2	: a flat area covered with tall grasses and few trees				
3	: rich; productive				
4	: land suitable for farming				
5	: varied; having many different types or variations				



The United States can be divided into five geographic regions. Each region has its own **physical environment**, such as **landforms** and climate. These features set each region apart from the other ones.

The Northeast region includes 11 states and the nation's capital, Washington, D.C. (District of Columbia). The Atlantic Coastal Plain and mountain ranges are the Northeast's major landforms. The Northeast is often divided into two subregions: New England and the Middle Atlantic States.



In American history, many of the first settlers from Europe settled in the Northeast. New England is known for the early settlements by the Pilgrims and Puritans. The Middle Atlantic has some of the most densely populated areas and largest urban areas in the U.S., including New York City, Washington, D.C., and Philadelphia.

The Southeast includes 12 states. The Mississippi River flows through the western part of the region. A warm climate and a long growing season in the Southeast help farmers grow many different kinds of **cash crops**. Tobacco and cotton were some of the first cash crops for early plantation owners. Peaches in Georgia and oranges in sunny Florida are two important cash crops for modern Southeast farmers.

The Midwest is a region of plains and **prairies**. The Great Plains and the Central Plains are known for their rich fields of corn, soybeans, and wheat that **stretch** as far as the eye can see. The Mississippi River begins there, and four of the Great Lakes are in the Midwest. Its flat land and **fertile croplands** make this region a center for agriculture. People often call the Midwest "the Breadbasket of the United States."

The Southwest includes Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, and Oklahoma. The region has many **arid** and range areas, so it contains several deserts. There are also numerous plateaus, canyons, mesas, and buttes. The Grand Canyon, one of the best known landforms in the U.S., is located in the Southwest.

Finally, the West includes California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and the Mountain States. Alaska and Hawaii are in the western region, but they are separate from the continental United States. The region is a **diverse** area with many different environments. The Northwest is known for its long coastlines along the Pacific Ocean while the Southwest is dry and contains many deserts. Much of the Mountain States is **dominated** by the Rocky Mountains.



acash crop



▲ prairie



▲ the Grand Canyon



▲ the rocky coastline of California

Quick Check T (True) or F (False).

- 1 There are two smaller regions found within the Northeast.
- 2 The breadbasket of the United States is the Southeast.
- 3 The Grand Canyon is located in the Mountain States.
- T F
- T F
- T F

Main Idea and Details

1	What is the passage mainly about? a. Where each region in the United States is b. What the name of each region in the U.S. is c. How each region in the U.S. is different from the others				
2	Tobacco, cotton, and peaches are important cash crops in the a. Northeast b. Southwest c. Southeast				
3	Why do people call the Midwest "the Breadbasket of the United States"? a. It is an important farming center in the country. b. The people living there enjoy many kinds of bread. c. Much of the land in the Midwest is flat.				
4	What does densely mean? a. partially b. heavily c. actively				
5	Complete the sentences. a. There are many large areas in the Northeast. b. Farmers in the grow corn, soybeans, and wheat. c. Neither Alaska nor borders any other states in the U.S.				
6					
	American Regions	American Landforms			
	 a = has 11 states plus Washington, D.C. Southeast = has 12 states Midwest = includes many states with plains and prairies b = Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, and Oklahoma West = California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and the C 	 Coastal areas = land next to water Urban areas = densely d			
	Vocabulary Review Complete each sentence.	Change the form if necessary.			
	physical environment arid stretch	landform dominate			
1	The of a region includes its landforms and climate.				
2	Plains and prairies are major in the Midwest.				
3	regions get very little rainfall all throughout the year.				
4	The Midwest region is by croplands	S, ·			
5	The continental United States from Canada to Mexico.				